



# More Precision

**optoCONTROL CLS1000** // Fiber optic sensor for industrial applications



# Transmission sensor for transparent/translucent objects optoCONTROL CFS3

-  Large operating range between receiver and transmitter unit with up to 2000 mm
-  No exact positioning of the measuring object necessary
-  Simple and space-saving mounting
-  Models with and without external thread



With the transmission sensor, the infrared light emitted by the controller is guided via the optical fiber to the transmitter and from there to the detecting object. There, the light beam is either interrupted or transmitted, depending on the target. The receiving unit of the sensor receives the remaining light and sends it back to the controller via the optical fiber. The remaining light component consists of either the unshielded light component or light transmitted from the object. By illuminating the transmitter through the object, it is possible to detect levels of liquids in jars as well as transparent objects. In addition to detecting transparent and semi-transparent objects, the sensor arrangement of the transmission sensor in transmitted light (180:0) is ideally suited for area detection, as a light barrier, for distinguishing sizes and diameters, for tolerance inspection and for web edge detection.

The CFS3 sensors, in combination with the performance of the CLS1000 series, provide reliable results. Here, the distance variation between the test specimen and receiver or illumination has no noticeable influence on the result. The transmission sensor can be universally used but is also suitable for special solutions (customer-specific adaptions).

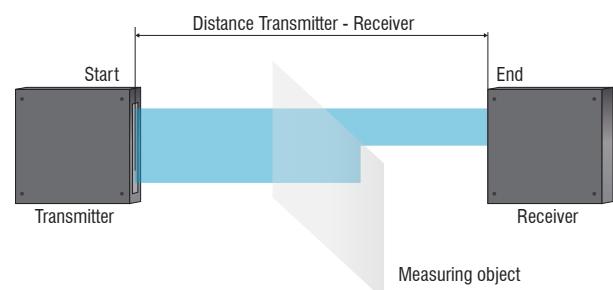
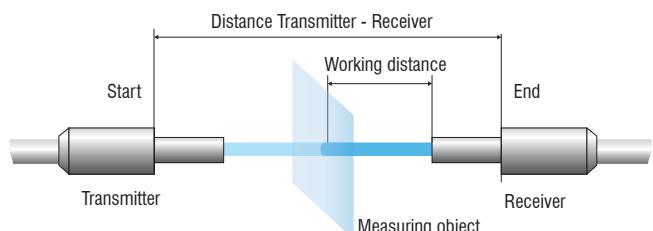
The sensors are available with different operating ranges, temperature ranges and lengths. This enables a wide range of applications. The fiber optic cable has a sensor head, which is available in different versions:

With external thread: For example, threaded sensors can be easily fixed on a mounting bracket.

Without external thread: Cylindrical sensor heads are suitable for space-saving mounting. This is achieved by simply setting a grub screw.

## Measurement geometry:

Transmission sensor 0°:180°



Transmission sensor with transmitter and receiver

90° deflection: If the installation depth and the mounting space are very limited, sensors with integrated 90° deflection are the optimal solution.

Flat sensor head: Thanks to the light band, flat sensor heads are ideal for distinguishing sizes and diameters, monitoring web edges, and area detection.

# Controller optoCONTROL CLS1000

-  Large detection and operating ranges
-  Numerous teach-in modes for fast sensor adjustment
-  Detection of the finest structures
-  Extremely high resistance to ambient light up to 50,000 lx
-  LCD display for quick and easy configuration
-  Extremely robust and compact
-  Switchable NPN; PNP; PP



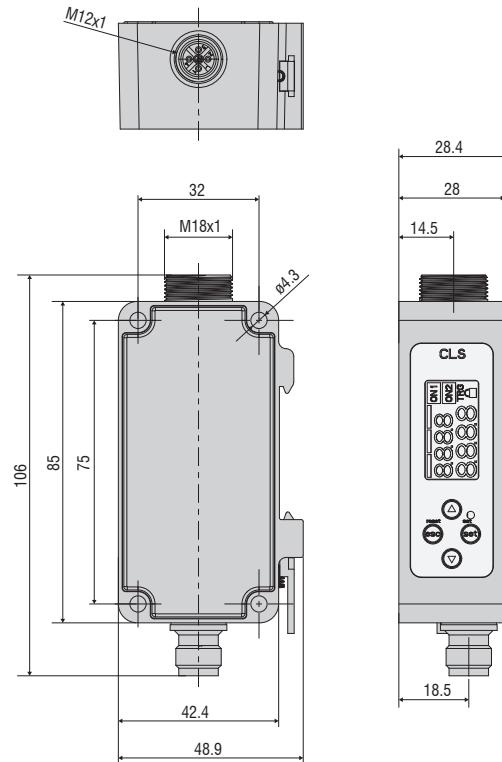
## Reliable presence detection and position control

The fiber optic sensor comprises a CFS sensor and a CLS1000 controller. The wide detection and operating ranges of up to 2000 mm make the fiber optic sensor ideal for the detection of components even at great distances.

The optoCONTROL CLS1000 optoelectronic fiber optic sensor is suitable for use in automation thanks to its variable switching outputs. The fiber optic sensor is used, for example, in position control and for position and presence detection.

The CLS1000 controller is available in five different versions: CLS1000-QN with antivalence function (normally open/normally closed), CLS1000-2Q with two switching outputs, CLS1000-OC with optocoupler, CLS1000-AU with voltage output and CLS1000-AI with current output. Each model is available in NPN, PNP or push-pull versions, each with or without trigger.

Due to the high resistance to ambient light and the possibility to adapt the controller in OEM applications, the CLS1000 can be used in almost all environments, regardless of high temperatures or confined installation spaces.



(dimensions in mm, not to scale)